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DESCRIPTIVE
PRICE LIST
SEASON OF 1920
SUBJECT TO CHANGES ACCORDING TO MARKET CONDITIONS

TEAGUE QUALITY TREES
CITRUS AND TROPICAL

THAT WILL YIELD
QUANTITIES OF HIGH-
GRADE FRUIT
AND ALWAYS ARE
HEALTHY, VIGOROUS
AND PROFITABLE

"You will never regret planting Teague trees"

"Quality is remembered long after the price is forgotten."

TEAGUE TREES
Stand Supreme for Growth and Product wherever planted

THE R. M. TEAGUE NURSERIES
SAN DIMAS, CALIFORNIA, U. S. A.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY
FOUNDED IN 1889 BY R. M. TEAGUE.
A SUGGESTION

People interested in Citrus Fruits will find some of those listed under "New and Rare Varieties" worthy of a place in their collection. We consider the following especially worthy of a trial:

ALGERIAN TANGERINE AND MANDARIN. Introduced from Algiers. Prolific bearers of fine quality fruit and the trees are quite ornamental.

LUE GIM GONG ORANGE. From Florida. Its fine keeping qualities are said to make it superior to the Valencia Late for holding on the trees until late summer.

THE GOLDEN BUCKEYE AND GOLDEN NUGGET NAVELS. Bud sports from the Washington Navel and have distinctive qualities making them desirable additions to any one's collection.

VANILLA ORANGE. A round fruit having quite a distinct vanilla flavor when thoroughly ripe.

SEEDLESS LEMON. From a grove in Rialto. Similar to the Eureka, but almost entirely seedless.

CITRUS LIMONIUM. (Dwarf Lemon.) A very desirable variety for those wanting a good lemon where space is limited. Tree is of dwarf character and very prolific.

FOSTER POMELO. A new introduction from Florida, where it is considered a very valuable variety. Ripens early and when fully mature the flesh next to the skin is a light purplish pink color.

SAMPSON TANGELO. A hybrid of recent introduction, being a cross between a Tangerine and Pomelo. A vigorous growing tree and a desirable fruit.

RANGPUR LIME. (Red Lime.) Has a loose rind somewhat like the Mandarin and the skin and pulp both have a rich reddish color. Said to be very hardy.

THE BOUQUET DES FLEURS, VARIEGATED NAVEL, VARIEGATED LEMON AND GOLDEN VARIEGATED. Are not of economic value, but quite ornamental and when kept properly trimmed make very desirable specimens for yard or lawn planting.
For over thirty years we have been engaged in the production of quality nursery stock, during all of which time we have never lost sight of the fact that quality was determined by the growth and productiveness of the tree after it had left the nursery. While this depends largely on proper care and management by the grower, yet it is incumbent on the nurseryman to deliver to the planter trees that under proper care will produce maximum results.

To that end we have ever been on the alert to improve our stock wherever possible. The foundation of a tree is its root stock and we make a practice of selecting only the most vigorous sour orange seedlings for this purpose, discarding all inferior and off type seedlings.

With the advent of bud selection (pedigreed buds) we have disregarded the use of all others and for our citrus trees use only buds supplied by the Fruit Growers' Supply Company, from the best record bearing trees.

Vigorous roots, selected buds and proper care are the three essentials necessary to produce the highest quality nursery stock, but the planter must not lose sight of the fact that he has a part to perform after buying the stock (in order to attain maximum results) and that is proper irrigation, fertilization and cultivation. With proper care Teague Quality Trees will fill every requirement.

We are always willing and anxious to advise and consult with our customers regarding the care and management of their groves as we realize that it is to our interest to see that they make a success of their plantings. In a word our aim is to give entire satisfaction, and on this basis we solicit your patronage.

THE R. M. TEAGUE NURSERIES.
THINGS TO BE OBSERVED.

Terms—State specifically the size and variety of trees you want, and give a few general hints as to your soil and climatic conditions. From unknown parties we demand a remittance or deposit of 50% of order or good references. Send money by bank draft, postoffice or express order, or registered letter.

Location—The land upon which our nurseries are situated is conceded to be the best for growing citrus nursery stock, producing a fine grade of tree with a vigorous root system making transplanting safe.

Quality of Stock—All of our trees are grown to stakes, and are straight and thrifty, and well rooted. He who plants trees, plants for generations; hence, in choosing stock be careful to get only the best obtainable.

Packing—We pack all trees in the best possible manner, in bales and boxes, according to the size of order and distance of shipment. Trees can be sent with safety to any part of the United States or foreign countries.

Guaranteeing Trees—We guarantee all trees shipped from our nurseries to be as represented. We personally attend to the budding of all our trees, and use the utmost care to insure them true to name.

Transportation Facilities—Our transportation facilities are excellent, being midway between the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe railways, hence we ship via either road, also Pacific Electric.

Shipping Instructions—Please furnish explicit directions for shipping and by what route. In the absence of any instructions we ship according to our best judgment, but in no case do we assume any responsibility for condition or safe delivery of trees after same have been properly packed and delivered to transportation companies.

Claims—Legitimate claims for errors and mishaps will be promptly recognized if made within ten days of the receipt of the goods, otherwise we will entertain no claims of this nature.

The R. M. Teague Nurseries
San Dimas, Los Angeles County, California, U. S. A.

IMPORTANT NOTICE:
On all balled trees, where it is necessary to box them to insure safe delivery and lowest freight rates, there will be a charge covering merely the cost of packing materials.
Effective March 29, 1920

PRICES ON STANDARD VARIETIES OF ORANGE, LEMON AND POMELO TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Per 10</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
<th>Per 1000</th>
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<td>$17.00</td>
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**Varieties of Oranges:**
- Washington Navel
- Valencia Late
- Navelencia
- Thomson Improved Navel
- Mediterranean Sweet
- Paper Rind St. Michael
- Ruby Blood
- Joppa

**Varieties of Lemons:**
- Eureka
- Villa Franca
- Lisbon

**Varieties of Pomelos:**
- Marsh Seedless
- Imperial
- Triumph
- Duncan
- Foster

**STANDARD KID GLOVE ORANGES**
- Dancy Tangerine
- King Mandarin
- Willow Leaved Madarin
- Satsuma

**STANDARD VARIETIES OF LIMES**

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Size</th>
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<th>Per 1000</th>
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<td>2 '' 3/4 to 1 in.</td>
<td>2.25</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 '' 1 in. and up</td>
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<td>22.50</td>
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**KUMQUAT ORANGE TREES**

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**NEW AND RARE VARIETIES**

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<tr>
<td>Variegated Navel</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sampson Tangelo</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Variegated Lemon</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Sweet Lemon</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet Lime</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Rangpur Lime</td>
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<tr>
<td>Citrange</td>
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<td>Gedrola</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Citron of Commerce</td>
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</table>

**COMBINATION TREES, BUDDED TO 4 TO 6 VARIETIES**

2 year old stock, balled, 60 to 75 lbs Each, $5.00
These trees have large well-shaped heads, ranging from 18 to 36 inches in diameter, giving them a very ornamental appearance, which makes them desirable for potting where an immediate showing is desirable. They are taken up with large balls of earth weighing from 125 to 250 pounds, and are established here on our grounds ready for transplanting. Prices from $7.50 to $20.00 each, according to spread of top and size of specimen.

**Varieties:** Washington Naval, Navelencia, Valencia Late and Ruby Blood oranges; Eureka and Lisbon Lemons; Marsh Seedless, Triumph pomelos; Willow Leaved, King Mandarin oranges
**THE CITRUS FRUITS**

**ORANGES**


![Washington Navel Oranges.](image)

**Valencia Late.** The leading variety for summer shipping. Its lateness in ripening and the fact that it will remain on the tree in perfect condition until late Fall makes it a most popular variety for commercial planting. The Valencia Late and Washington Navel are the two varieties most extensively planted in California and make it possible to pick and ship ripe oranges every day in the year.

**Thomson Improved Navel.** Evidently a sport from the Washington Navel. Fruit similar to the Washington, but the peel is more smooth. Its outward appearance is more attractive than the Washington but contains more rag and does not possess as good a flavor. Season, last of November to February.

**Navelencia.** Resembles the Thomson Improved Navel in appearance and quality. Supposed to combine the flavor and quality of the Navel with the late ripening of the Valencia Late. Season, January to June.

**Mediterranean Sweet.** Fruit medium to large of good quality and an excellent shipper. Tree of medium spreading habit and very prolific. Season, April to July.

**Paper Rind St. Michael.** Fruit rather small, very solid and heavy, peel very thin, has an abundance of juice. A good shipper. Tree a strong upright grower and a good bearer. Season, April to June.

**Ruby Blood.** Tree a good grower, nearly thornless and very prolific. Fruit of medium size, peel, thin, flesh a ruby red showing through the peel when fully ripe. Season, February to April.

**Joppa.** Tree similar in growth and appearance to the Valencia, excepting that it is thornless, and very prolific. Fruit medium to large, of good quality and flavor; practically seedless. Season, April to July.
LEMONS

Eureka. The most extensively planted variety in California. Tree a good grower and prolific bearer, blooming and setting fruit every month in the year, nearly thornless. Fruit medium to large, peel smooth and of good texture. Abundant juice and little pulp. One of the best commercial varieties.

Lisbon. Tree an upright grower, thorny, very vigorous, a good bearer. Fruit of the best quality and nearly seedless. Considered superior to any other lemon by many growers.

Villa Franca. Tree a vigorous and upright grower, nearly thornless and quite prolific. Fruit medium to large, and of good appearance and quality. Quite extensively planted in some localities.

POMELOS

Marsh Seedless. The favorite variety for commercial planting in California. Tree a strong vigorous grower and heavy bearer. Fruit medium and practically seedless. Quality good. Season, January to July.

Imperial. Tree a vigorous upright grower, very compact. An early and heavy bearer. Fruit similar in size, shape and color to the Marsh Seedless. Peel thin and smooth. Excellent flavor but contains considerable seed.

Triumph. Tree of good habit, bears young and very prolific. Fruit medium size, peel smooth and fine grained. Good flavor but somewhat prolific of seeds.

Duncan. One of the leading varieties in Florida. Tree said to be very hardy and a good bearer. Fruit of good size, very juicy, and has the true pomelo flavor.

Foster. A late introduction from Florida. Fruit large, peel smooth and fairly thin; flesh purplish pink next to the skin. Good flavor. Ripens early.
KUMQUATS


King Mandarin. The latest of the Mandarin family. Tree not quite as vigorous as the Tangerine, but of good shape and very prolific. Fruit very large and flattened with loosely adhering peel. Excellent flavor. Season, June to August.

Willow Leaved Mandarin. Tree very ornamental, a thrifty grower and good bearer. Fruit medium size, flattened, deep yellow, skin thin, flesh dark orange yellow, spicy and aromatic. Season, January to April.

Satsuma (Oonshiu). Tree thornless and of dwarf habit; never attains large size. Fruit medium, flattened, not so highly colored as the Tangerine, but deeper yellow than the Mandarin. Excellent flavor and entirely seedless. The earliest orange to ripen. Season, November to March.

STANDARD VARIETIES OF LIMES

Tahiti (Bearss Seedless). Tree of good shape and fairly vigorous. Fruit about the size of a small lemon, very thin peel, abundance of juice of the true Lime flavor. Seedless.

Mexican. Tree rather a slow grower, quite thorny and very tender. Should not be planted in cold locations. Fruit small, peel smooth and thin, full of juice of excellent Lime flavor.

KUMQUATS

Kumquat. The tree has a dwarf bushy habit and usually attains a height of 8 to 10 feet when mature. Very ornamental for yard or tub planting. An enormous bearer and retains its golden yellow fruit for months which adds to its beauty. Fruit about an inch long and egg shaped. Peel (which is edible), smooth, aromatic and spicy to the taste. The entire fruit can be eaten or preserved in sugar and is quite delicious.

NEW AND RARE VARIETIES

Algerian Tangerine. A recent introduction from Algiers. Tree a compact upright grower, quite ornamental and very prolific. Fruit similar to the Dancy Tangerine, but matures much earlier. Fine quality and almost seedless.

Algerian Mandarin. Introduced at the same time as the Algerian Tangerine. Tree somewhat slower in growth than the Tangerine, but its willow like foliage makes it very attractive for yard planting. Fruit resembles the ordinary Mandarin but earlier in ripening. Quality good.

Lue Gim Gong. A late introduction from Florida, said to be superior to the Valencia Late. Will remain on the tree for two years without deteriorating. The tree and fruit very much resemble the Valencia Late in appearance.

Golden Nugget Navel. A "sport" originating in our orchards some years ago. Tree is particularly noticeable on account of its dark green foliage and slender willowy branches. Fruit medium to large. Peel thin and smooth. Has an abundance of juice of good flavor. Seedless.

Golden Buckeye Navel. This is another "sport" originating in our groves. Tree a good grower and thornless. Fruit distinguished from other varieties of Navels on account of a series of ridges of a deeper orange color on the peel. Flavor suggestion of Pineapple. Quality good.

Vanilla Orange. Tree a strong upright grower and quite prolific. Fruit medium size, round and has a distinct vanilla flavor when thoroughly ripe.
Bitter Sevile Orange. A medium to small round orange; quite bitter. Used almost exclusively for making marmalade. Tree a good grower and prolific.

Sweet Sevile Orange. Medium to small; a good keeper and shiper. Tree vigorous and prolific. Ripens very early.

Boquet Des Fleurs. An ornamental variety of French origin, possessing a very thick and leathery foliage, of a light green color. The Burgamot oil of commerce is a product of this variety.


Variegated Navel. An ornamental variety similar in growth to other Navels but the leaves are of a lighter green with silver markings or configurations. When kept in proper shape, makes a very ornamental tree.

Variegated Lemon. Similar to the variegated Navel in markings but the growth and fruit are characteristic of the lemon; flesh pink in color. Quite ornamental.

Seedless Lemon. Tree very similar to the Eureka in growth and appearance. Fruit of about the same quality but almost entirely seedless.

Sweet Lemon. Unlike the ordinary lemon, this variety contains less acid and more sugar, giving it an agreeable sweet flavor. Can be eaten like an orange.

Dwarf Lemon (Citrus Limonium). Tree more of a bush than a tree. Very desirable for those having a limited space as it never attains a large size but being very prolific it produces an abundance of good quality fruit.

Cedrola. A species of lemon used in connection with certain religious ceremonies. Tree rather a dwarf but very prolific. Quality of fruit good but quite seedy.

Ponderosa Lemon. Fruit very large, rough and coarse but full of juice of excellent quality. Tree inclined to be of dwarf habit and quite thorny. Very prolific; having bloom and fruit of all sizes the year around. A desirable variety for home use but of no commercial value.

Rangpur Lime (Red Lime). Has a loose rind somewhat like the Mandarin, and the skin and pulp have a rich reddish color. The juice has the acidity of the lime and lemon. Very hardy.

Thornless Lime. Tree compact and uniform in growth and practically thornless. Fruit of medium size and good quality, having the true lime flavor.

Citron of Commerce. Tree of dwarf habit and irregular growth, somewhat susceptible to frost. Blossoms and sets fruit throughout the year. Fruit large and lemon shaped. Peel very thick from which the citron of commerce is manufactured.

Sampson Tangelo. A hybrid of recent introduction, being a cross between a Tangerine and a Pomelo. Tree a vigorous upright grower and quite productive. Fruit of medium size, peel smooth and thin. Flavor slightly sub-acid, somewhat sweeter than the Pomelo.

Citrange. A cross between the common sweet orange and Citrus Trifoliata. Supposed to be the hardiest of the Citrus family. Can be grown where it is too cold for other varieties. Fruit different in flavor from any other Citrus fruit and said to make a very desirable drink.

Bun-Tan. Introduced from Japan. Belongs to the Shaddock family. Fruit very large with pink flesh and an abundance of seeds. Flavor quite agreeable.

All Trees are offered subject to prior sale and an advance in prices.
TROPICAL FRUIT TREES

Having purchased the Nursery Interests of the West India Gardens of Altadena, we shall, in the future, carry a complete line of all of the standard varieties of Avocados and other sub-tropical fruit trees. It will be our aim to give the growing and handling of this line of stock the same careful attention that has made Teague Citrus Trees so well and favorably known throughout California, and elsewhere.

At the present time we have on hand for Spring delivery the following Avocados, all of which are of the thick-skinned varieties.

AVOCADOS (PERSEA GRATISSIMA)

Fuerte. Tree vigorous grower. Fruit pyriform, weight 12 to 14 ounces. Skin smooth and green in color; carries a high percentage of oil and is of good flavor. Ripens from January to August. One of the leading varieties for commercial planting.

Spinks. Tree a precocious and prolific bearer. Fruit obovate to pyriform in shape. Weight 16 to 20 ounces. Skin roughened and purplish black in color. Flesh cream colored and of rich flavor. Ripens April to August.

Lyon. Tree an early and prolific bearer. Fruit Pyriform. Weight 16 to 18 ounces. Skin somewhat rough and dark green in color. Flesh a deep cream and has a rich, pleasant flavor. Contains as high as 16% of fat contents. Ripens April to August.

Dickinson. Tree a vigorous grower and very prolific. Fruit oval to obovate. Weight, 7 to 12 ounces. Skin very rough, dark purple with large maroon colored dots. Flesh a pale greenish yellow and has a pleasant flavor. Ripens June to October.

Blakeman. Tree a strong grower and fairly hardy. Fruit Pyriform. Weight from 16 to 20 ounces. Skin nearly smooth and dark green in color. Flesh cream yellow and containing a high percentage of fat. Ripens April 1 to August.

Sharpless. Tree a strong grower inclined to become tall and slender, but a very good producer. Fruit Pyriform, rather elongated. Weight, 16 to 24 ounces. Skin slightly pitted or roughened and of a dark purple maroon color. Flesh cream colored and of unusually pleasant flavor. Ripens from October to February.

Puebla. Tree very rapid grower, erect with drooping branches, very prolific. Fruit obovate in shape and weight 10 to 12 ounces. Skin nearly smooth and a dark purple. Flesh yellow and has a rich flavor. Ripens December to February.

Linda. Tree vigorous and hardy and a good producer. Fruit round, weighing about 2 pounds. Skin rough and a deep purple in color. Flesh yellowish and has a rich nutty flavor. Ripens October to March in Guatemala.
### List of Recommended Avocado Varieties:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Varieties</th>
<th>Season Dates (Inclusive)</th>
<th>Ave. Weight of Fruit in Ounces</th>
<th>Ave. Weight of Seed in Ounces</th>
<th>Percentages of Oil or Fat</th>
<th>Shape of Fruit</th>
<th>Color of Mature Fruits</th>
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<td>30.72</td>
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<tr>
<td>Blakeman</td>
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<td><strong>Fall Varieties</strong></td>
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<td>Puebla **</td>
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<td>1.52</td>
<td>30.72</td>
<td>Pyriform</td>
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* Obovate, a term used to designate the shape of an inverted egg.
** Puebla is not strictly a Guatemalan type, but is supposed to be a hybrid.
Queen. Tree vigorous and of a spreading habit, very productive. Fruit oblong Pyriform. Weight, 1½ pounds. Skin rough and deep purple in color. Flesh yellowish in color, and has a very rich nutty flavor. Ripens from October to March in Guatemala.

Avocados: the Fruit with a Future

Taft. Tree a rapid grower of spreading habit. Fruit Obo-vate to Pyriform. Weight 16 ounces. Skin somewhat rough and green in color. Flesh cream colored and of excellent flavor.

Rey. A recent introduction from an elevation of 5200 feet in Guatemala. Fruit green in color, weighing about 16 ounces. Rich nutty flavor.

AVOCADO PRICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Price</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1½ to 2 feet</td>
<td>$3.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 to 2½ feet</td>
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Extra stocky field-grown Trees in the following varieties:

FUERTE, LINDA AND REY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>4 to 5 feet</td>
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<td>5 to 7 feet</td>
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SHARPLESS

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<tr>
<td>5 to 7 feet</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
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Anona Cherimoya or Custard Apple

Anona Cherimoya (Custard Apple). Tree grows to a fair size with a well-shaped top. Fruit can be eaten out of hand or as a table delicacy, the pulp being of a custard-like consistency. A delicious sub-tropical fruit that should be in everyone’s garden. Delicious. A fine variety originating at Hollywood on the grounds of Mr. C. F. Wagner. Fruit large, weighing up to 1½ pounds. Ripens in January. Budded trees, $2.50 each.
Feijoa Sellowiana. An attractive shrub growing to a height of about 8 feet. The leaves are a glossy green with a silvery white beneath, and if kept pruned makes a very compact and striking shrub. Has a showy and attractive flower. The fruit of the better varieties is about the size of a large hen's egg, and its delicious flavor reminds one of a combination of pineapple and bananas. Very hardy and of easy culture. Fruit ripens in the Fall. As seedlings do not always come true to type, we carry only the grafted trees, the scions having been taken from the best and largest fruiting specimens.

Feijoa Choiceana. An oblong variety of large size and excellent quality.

Feijoa Superba. A round fruit of good size and quality. Balled 1 to 1½ feet, $2.00; 1½ to 2 feet, $2.50; 2 to 5 feet, $3.00.

SAPOTA

Casimiroa Edulis (White Sapota). A strong growing tree of rather spreading habit. Attains a height of 15 to 20 feet. Has large five-fingered leaves. It thrives well in all the milder sections of California. The fruit is about the size and shape of a quince. It has a thin skin and the pulp has a melting peach-like flavor, very sweet and delicious. Balled trees budded from best varieties, 2 to 3 feet, $2.00 each.

GUAVAS

A fruit highly prized for jellies and preserves, and when fully ripe is greatly relished eaten out of hand. Makes a very ornamental shrub, either as a single specimen or in groups, hedges or borders.

Strawberry Guava. Fruit about the size of large strawberries, and round, and a deep reddish brown color. Very desirable as a table fruit or for jams and jellies. Strong potted plants, 50c each. $4.00 for ten.

Yellow Strawberry Guava. Fruit larger than the red variety and yellow in color. Potted plants, 50c each; $4.00 for ten.

Planting Citrus Orchards

Consultations on soils and climate, methods of planting, irrigating, cultivating, fertilizing, etc., of orange and lemon groves, can be made by appointment or by correspondence.
Every newly planted tree should have some protection from the sun until it has made sufficient top to protect the trunk.

These protectors not only answer this purpose but are a protection against rabbits and squirrels and prevent sucker growth on the young stock.

Will not crack or split; are tough and durable, waterproof, and will last on the trees from two to four years.

Provided with wire fasteners—can be put on the tree or removed in a moment’s time.

Made in two weights of heavy paraffined paper—No. 1, medium; No. 3, extra heavy; perforated as shown in illustration, or solid, as desired. AND THEY ARE CHEAP.

When ordering, state whether perforated or plain protectors are wanted.

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<th>Length</th>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>10.25</td>
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Yucca Tree Protectors. Made from the Yucca Palm, being light, porous and efficient.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Price</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
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